## Year 4 Activities for other subjects

Choose as many activities from the list to do as you want. These can be completed over a number of days or longer. Email **Mrs Adam** at <u>4s@sparkenhoe.leicester.sch.uk</u> or **Mr Naylor** at <u>4k@sparkenhoe.leicester.sch.uk</u> if you have any questions or want to send work. We would love to see your work and what you have been doing!

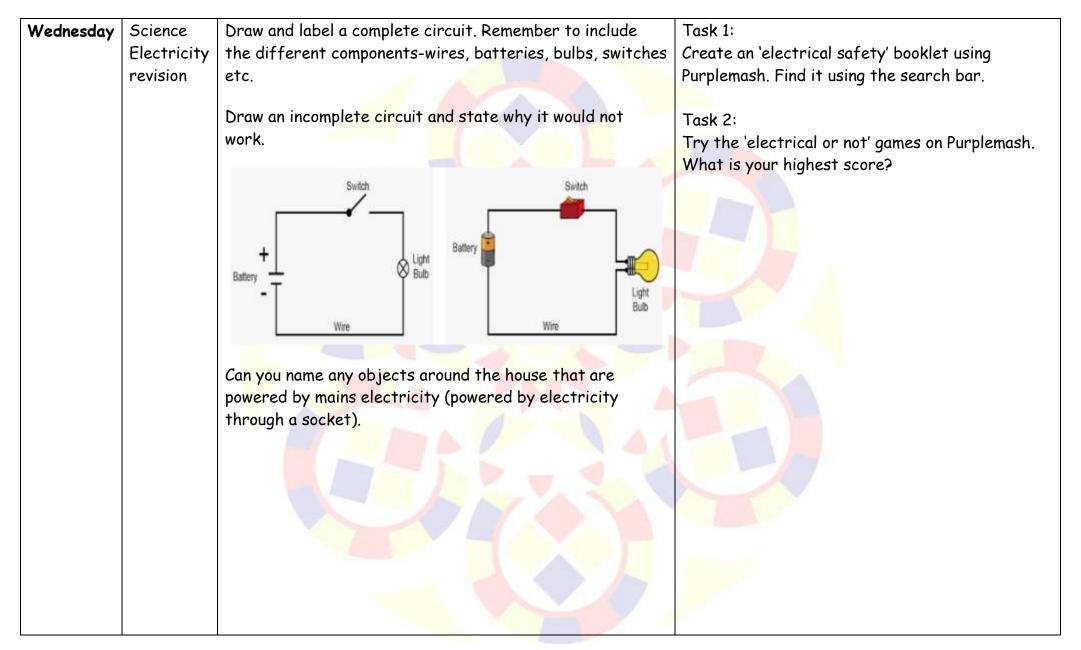
## Week 12 29<sup>th</sup> June

Monday	D&T	Build your own Greek theatre using junk models found	Task 1: Decorate your theatre using paint, colour
		aroun <mark>d yo</mark> ur home. You could use a empty shoebox for your	pencils, felt tips etc. Create different
		base, and other cardboard to create you circular shape or	backdrops.
		steps. Use this diagram to help you.	
			Task 2: Create mini cardboard characters and
			use them as actors in your theatre. You could
			create a play of your own or recreate a well
			known one.
			Task 3: Task 3:
			There is some more information on Purplemash.
			Search 'Greeks theatre' using the search bar.

Tuesday	History	There were three types of plays:	Task 1:
		<b>Tragedies:</b> The first type they invented was the tragedy. In tragedies, one or more major characters always suffered a disastrous end.	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zx67xnb Watch the video about Greek theatre above.
		<i>Comedies:</i> Comedies were invented next. In comedies, plays always had a happy end. The third type was the satire.	Task 2: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BjLrMxO4cys Watch the Battle of the Greek tragedies. Do you
		Satires: Satires were plays that made fun of mortal legends and of real people. In ancient Greece, you did not poke fun at the gods - not in a play, not in real life, not ever. But you could poke fun at your leaders. And that was	recognise any Greek tragedies you have learned about already?
		uniquely Greek. Satires in ancient Greece were often political in nature, and could indeed affect people's opinions about current events. The plays	
		<ul> <li>Women could attend the plays, but all the actors were men (even playing the parts of women!).</li> <li>Some famous playwrights include:</li> </ul>	
		Aeschylus, Sophocles and Euripides (who wrote tragedies) and Aristophanes (who wrote comedies).	

## Year 4 activities for other subjects

The audience	
<ul> <li>The audience would throw food and a stone if they thought the acting wasn't good enough!</li> </ul>	
• The actors wore masks, bright colours for comedies and dark colours for tragedies.	
<ul> <li>You could see if someone was happy or sad by the shape of their mask.</li> </ul>	
• The masks were made from fabric, stiffened with plaster.	
Use all of the information you have learned about Greek theatres over the last 2 weeks and make a poster showing what you have learned. Take a photo of this if you can and ask a grown up to email it to us. We would love to see them!	



Thursday	Music	Use the link below to listen carefully to a famous Greek instrumental from modern day Greece. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BjLrMxO4cys</u> What do you notice about the; • Volume • Tempo • Pitch Can you name any of the instruments used to play this song? If you cannot access the song, create a drum beat of your own that you could use in a Greek play.	Task 1: The music is also accompanied by a traditional dance. Can you recreate https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kG12C10X5Eo Tap/click/beat along to the rhythm. Can you follow it as it gets faster? Task 2: Record your own melody using '2sequence' on Purplemash. Search for it using the search bar.
Friday	Computing	Create a PowerPoint presentation about the work you have done on Ancient Greeks theatre. Think about how many pages you will need, what the different pages will focus on and adding some images to them also. If you do not have access to a computer, you could create a presentation on paper instead.	Practise your typing skills on Microsoft Word. How many words can you type correctly in a minute? Change the font, size and colour of some of the words to make them stand out.